Задание на 23.03. и 24.03.2020

1. Прочитать и выписать новые для себя слова.
2. Сделать упражнения к тексту.
3. Продолжаем работать над индивидуальным проектом.

Задания отправлять в письменном (электронном) виде.

**Learning foreign Languages**

The problem of learning foreign languages is very important today. Students **should learn** foreign languages. They became important especially at the present time.

Foreign languages are needed as the main and most efficient means of information exchange between the people of our planet.

Today English is the language of the world. Over 350 million people speak it as mother tongue. The native speakers of English live in Great Britain, in the United States of Amerika, Australia and New Zealand. English is one of the official languages in the Irish Republic, Canada and South African Republic. As a second language it is used in the former British and US colonies.

It is the major international language for communication in such areas as science, technology, business and mass media. English **ought to be used** as one of the official languages of the United Nations Organisation and other political organisations. It is the language of computer software, literature, education, modern music, international tourism.

Some people learn languages because they need them for their work, others travel abroad, for the third studying foreign languages is a hobby. Everyone, who knows foreign languages can speak to people from other countries, read foreign authors in the original, which makes your outlook wider.

Learning a foreign language is not an easy thing. It is a long and slow process that takes a lot of time patience. But every educated person, every good specialist **has to know** English, because it absolutely necessary nowadays.

It is well known that reading books in the original, talking with the English speaking people will help a lot. When learning a foreign language, you **are to learn** the culture and history of the native speakers. You **may learn** any foreign language. They are all important.

**Vocabulary:**

efficient - эффективный

means - средство

exchange - обмен

mother tongue — родной язык
area - сфера

native speakers – носители языка

software – компьютерные программы

outlook — кругозор

patience - терпение

necessary - необходимый

1. **Find the sentences with these modal words in the text and translate them:**

should learn

ought to be used

has to know

are to learn

may learn

1. **Continue the thought (продолжи мысль 1-2 предложениями своими или из текста):**
* Learning a foreign language isn't an easy thing.
* Nowadays it's especially important to know foreign languages.
* English is the language of the great literature.
1. **Answer the questions:**
2. Why do people learn foreign languages?
2. Why do you learn foreign language?
3. Where do the native speakers of English live?
3. In what areas is English mostly used?
4. Where can you use your English knowledge?
6. What can you say about the English language?

1. **Dialogue**

**QUESTIONS AND TASKS**
1. Which is more useful to you - British or American English? Work in pairs and say why.
2. Read the dialogue and find the differences between the English and the American languages.

1. Add these words to the table.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| English | American | Russian |

American: A 'bill' is paper money. You have a 'dollar bill', a 'five-dollar bill' and so on.
Englishman: Right. We call that a 'bank note'. 'Trousers' are an item of clothing.
American: Oh. I know what trousers are! Yes... we call them 'pants'.
Englishman: Oh, right.
American: Oh, the snack food that's round and flat and fried and thin and very crisp, we call them 'chips... potato chips'.
Englishman: Oh, right. Cold, you mean? We call those, 'crisps'. You buy them in a packet... 'crisps'. 'Car park', is a place where you park cars.
American: We call that a 'parking lot'. If I need some medicine or something like that I go to see the 'druggist'.
Englishman: Right. Oh, is that a place or a person?
American: No, the place is the 'drugstore', the 'druggist' is the person who'll give me the medicine.
Englishman: Right, we call that a 'chemist' — but that's the name of the shop. A 'state school' is a school, which is funded by the state, it's the opposite of a private school, in other words.
American: Oh yes, we call that 'public school'.
Englishman: Oh, right.
American: Water in a sink comes out of a 'faucet'.
Englishman: Ah yes, we call that a 'tap'. 'Traffic lights' — do you know what those are? When you're driving along the road, and you have to stop because there are lights...
American: You have to stop. So we call them 'stop lights'.
Englishman: 'Stop lights'. Right...
American: When I get a hamburger I also like to get 'French fries' which are the strips of fried potato.
Englishman: Oh, right — 'chips', we call those. When you travel around, for example in London on the train under the ground, that's called the 'underground'.
American: No. It's called a 'subway', that's what we call it. I fill my car with 'gas'.
Englishman: Ah yes, we call that 'petrol'. There's another item of clothing — a 'waistcoat'.
American: Oh, yeah, that men wear. We call that a 'vest'.
Englishman: That's right, it doesn't have any sleeves, yeah? 'Vest'... yeah.
American: Every town in America has a 'main street' where all the shops are.
Englishman: Oh, right... No, we call that the 'high street'. Same thing, 'high street'.